

SOLUTIONS FROM IMPLEMENTATION RESEARCH USING GENEXPERT FOR RAPID TUBERCULOSIS

USING GENEXPERT FOR RAPID TUBERCULOSIS TESTING

Integrating GeneXpert molecular testing technology in national health systems

Tuberculosis is among the world's most infectious diseases affecting millions of people every year, particularly in low-income countries where care is limited. In 2014 there were 9.6 million new TB cases and 1.5 million TB deaths, and global TB incidence is decreasing slowly – by less than 2 percent yearly. The spread of multidrug-resistant TB is a serious obstacle to effective TB control, combined with the inefficiency of traditional diagnostic tests which deliver results only after two months. GeneXpert is the recommended next-generation diagnostic that delivers rapid analysis.



RESEARCH FACETS

- Cost effectiveness of adopting the new GeneXpert diagnostic algorithm compared to the previous version
- Developing standard operating procedure for testing young children in the national system
- Exploring use of filter paper-based diagnosis of negative pulmonary tuberculosis
- Assessing needs for integrating GeneXpert in a national system



MONGOLIA

National Center for Communicable
Diseases

BHUTAN

Royal Center for Disease Control, Thimphu

BANGLADESH

International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research



9.6
MILLION
NEW TB CASES IN 2014



1.5
MILLION
TR DEATHS IN 2014



DECLINE
IN GLOBAL TB
INCIDENCE ANNUALL

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Formerly known as the Small Grants Scheme, these grants support researchers and public health practitioners as part of TDR's collaboration with all WHO regional offices. The objective is to produce implementation research findings that can help build national strategies and action plans for better control and treatment of infectious diseases of poverty.







