One Health and Vector-Borne Diseases Webinar Series (Webinar #1)

One Health Research Consortium

Project Title: Strengthening Surveillance of Leishmaniasis in Uganda and Kenya through a Collaborative Multisectoral One Health Capacity Building Approach in Endemic foci.



















Consortia and institutions involved

Uganda

 Makerere University

Kenya

- University of Nairobi
- Kenya Medical Research Institute

First, middle	Gend	Institution	Expertise	Role in the project
and last name	er	name		
Charles Drago	М	Makerere	Surveillance, Mapping and	PI and overall project
Kato		University	Modelling	coordinator
Tequiero Okumu	М	University of	Epidemiology & Clinical	Support coordination and
		Nairobi	studies	implementation of activities
Angella Musewa	F	African One	Epidemiology & One Health	Lead curriculum
		Health University Network		development and training
James Robert	М	Makerere	Entomology &	Lead vector control and field
Ochieng		University	Conservation	activities
Jesus Muro	М	Daktari East Africa	Parasitology	Support field activities:
Figueres				Training and sample
				collection.
Edwinah	F	Makerere	Environmental health &	Lead environmental health
Atusingwize		University	Public health	and gender
Margaret Mbuchi	F	Kenya Medical	Parasitology	Provide support on
-		Research Institute		curriculum development and training
Ivan Ankunda	М	Ministry of Health-	Surveillance and	Coordinator active screening
		Uganda	Epidemiology	activities and data reporting



Introduction

- Leishmaniasis, caused by a unicellular protozoan *Leishmania* spp. parasites
- Transmitted by the bite of infected female phlebotomine sandflies
- Annually, an estimated 700,000 to 1 million new cases are reported (WHO, 2023).
- Uganda & Kenya still account for 15 % of the global cases
- Canine leishmaniasis is currently expanding across Africa
- Weak surveillance, reporting, low multisectoral engagement, & cross-border surveillance.

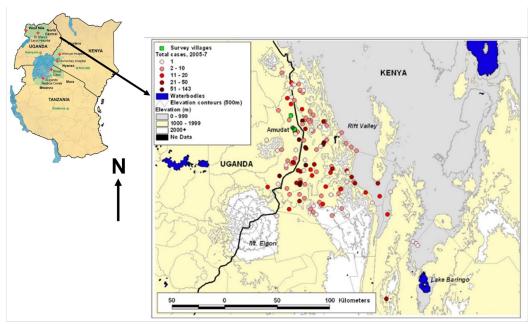


Figure 1: Mapping showing cross-border endemic foci in Uganda and Kenya recorded at Amudat hospital, Uganda, 2005-2007 (Malaria Consortium, 2010).



Objectives of the study

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Build capacity of frontline workers in Uganda & Kenya to execute leishmaniasis surveillance & reporting through one health competencies.

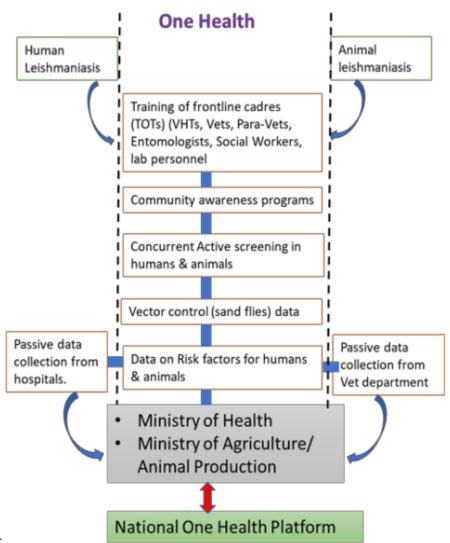
Carry out a spatial & temporal mapping of **leishmaniasis** hotspots & decipher the risk factors associated with the disease within endemic foci.

Strengthen surveillance & reporting of leishmaniasis data within line ministries and across the border.

Strengthen multisectoral & cross border surveillance for enhanced reporting & knowledge sharing.



Methodology



Deliverables list	Deadlines
Deliverable 1: Trained frontline workers at the subnational level	
Milestone 1.1: Development/review of curriculum for short courses	By: M2
Milestone 1.2: Training of leishmania frontline workers in Uganda and	By: M4
Kenya	
Success indicator 1: At least 1 short course developed and 20 frontline	By: M4
workers trained (10 from each country)	
Deliverable 2: Updated maps of Leishmania distribution and risk factors in Uganda and Kenya	
Milestone 2.1: Retrospective passive data collection from hospitals and	By: M6
Veterinary records	
Milestone 2.2: Risk factor assessment and analysis	By: M7
Success indicator 2: At least one publication and one policy brief.	By: M12
Deliverable 3: Surveillance data and reports	
Milestone 3.1: Community awareness about leishmaniasis	By: M7
Milestone 3.2: Concurrent active screening in both humans and animals	By: M10
Milestone 3.3: Enhance integrated vector control approaches	By: M11
Success indicator 3: At least two Surveillance reports submitted to line ministries	By: M12
Deliverable 4: Strengthened multisectoral and cross border collaboration	
Milestone 4.1: Multisectoral meetings and Cross border meetings	By: M11
Milestone 4.2: Supervision and mentoring of trainees by project team	By: M11
Milestone 4.3: Dissemination of results	By: M12
Milestone 4.4: Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL)	By: M12
Success indicator 4: Multisectoral and cross border meeting and data sharing reports	By: M12



Outcomes

1. Frontline workers are more efficient & knowledgeable about disease diagnosis, management, & control.

2. Reduction in the incidence of leishmaniasis

3. Strengthened surveillance & reporting of leishmaniasis

 Increased cross-borderer collaboration between Uganda & Kenya towards disease control.



Limitation/ expected challenges in the project

 Insecurity within the study area. Project team will follow guidelines on travel & project execution within the region.

 Failure to locate or trace former patients due to migration, death, or unavailability. For disease risk factor assessment, consider next of kin.



Activity progress of the project

- We have started the process of preparing SOPs for fieldwork & laboratory analysis
- Protocol development & submission:
 - ✓ Submitted to the WHO/TDR team for review.
 - ✓ Prepared a protocol in line with Institutional Review Board (IRB) requirements & submitted to the Vector Control Division Research & Ethics Committee, Ministry of Health Uganda.
 - ✓ We have already received feedback from the IRB & we are working on the comments.
- The Project was launched on 17th of February, 2023 at Makerere University, Uganda.
- Curriculum development for the one health leishmania course.
 - ✓ Started the process of developing curriculum for the above course.



Thank you all for listening!



